

Canadian Immunization Research Network: Establishing a provincial collaborative research network to study pertussis vaccine effectiveness

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Financial conflicts of interest

- Jeff Kwong has no financial conflicts of interest to declare.

Objectives

- To describe CIRN's Provincial Collaborative Network (PCN)
- To describe the strengths and challenges to date of PCN, using a multi-provincial evaluation of pertussis vaccine effectiveness as an example

Canadian Immunization Research Network

- CIHR-funded at \$2.2M/year, 2014-2017
- Formal infrastructure for research, collaboration
- Testing safety and effectiveness of vaccines
- Addressing vaccine hesitancy
- Evaluating immunization programs
- Training next generation of researchers
- Rapid response capacity
- Knowledge exchange: researchers, users, and policy makers



Network structure and capacities



Informal, regular communication

- 8 Sites; 30,000+
- Healthy subjects
- Rapid safety reports



- 40+ hospital sites
- Adult population
- Burden of disease

- 10 Sites
- Rapid Trials
- Phase I/II/III
- Adult/peds/other



- Interprovincial
- Public Health Labs
- Databases



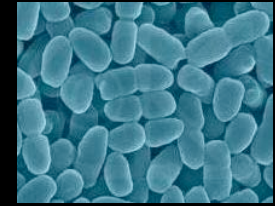
- 13 Sites
- AEFI
- Ambulatory
- Spec. populations



- Support/linkages/testing

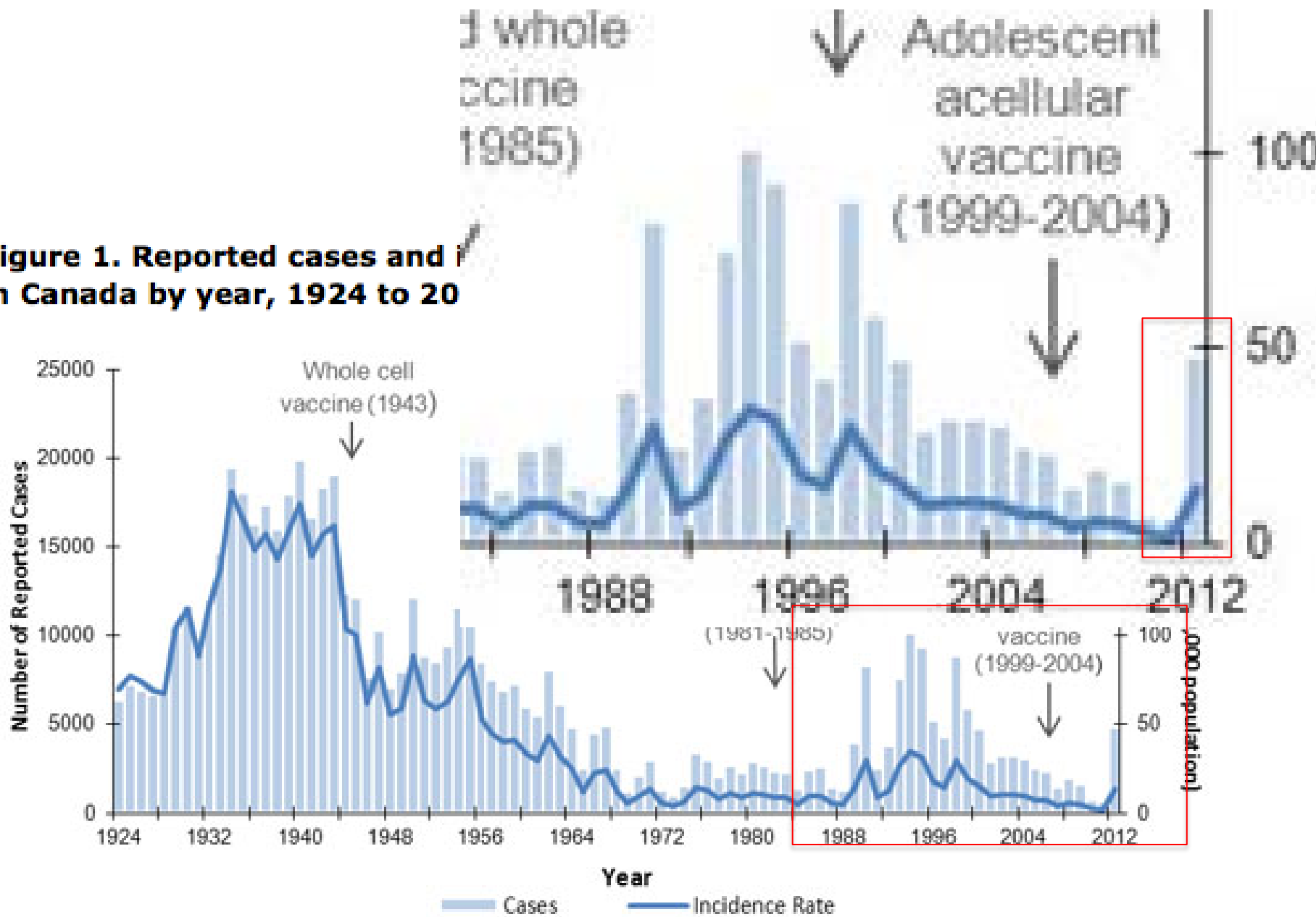


Background - Pertussis



- *Bordetella pertussis*
 - Whooping cough
- 16M cases/year
 - 95% developing countries
- Mortality ~1%
 - 80% <2 months

Figure 1. Reported cases and incidence rate in Canada by year, 1924 to 2012



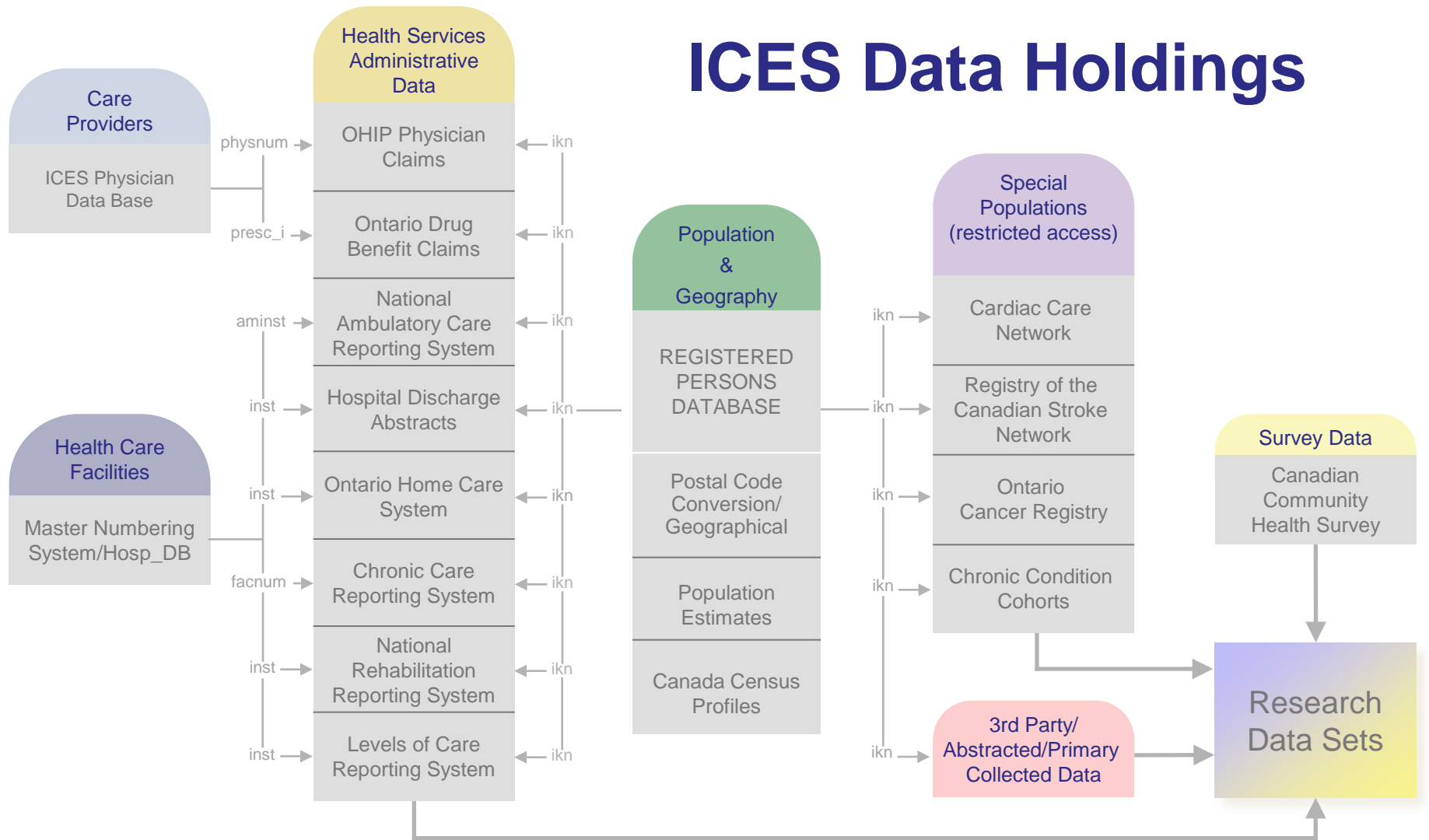
Pertussis vaccine effectiveness study

- Step 1: Identify provinces to participate
- Step 2: Determine study design
- Step 3: Conduct analyses

Step 1: Identify provinces to participate

- Interested investigators
- Necessary data
 - Outcome: pertussis cases
 - Lab-confirmed (PCR)
 - Reported cases (case definition)
 - Exposure: pertussis immunizations
 - Covariates: age, sex, income quintile, rurality, comorbidities, prior healthcare use
- Ability to link individual-level data

ICES Data Holdings



Data
Discovery
Better Health

January 30th 2009
Sample of ICES Data Holdings



Participating provinces

Province	Population (2015)	% of Canada
Ontario	13,792,100	38.5%
Alberta	4,196,500	11.7%
Manitoba	1,293,400	3.6%
Combined	19,282,000	53.8%

Pertussis vaccine effectiveness study

- Step 1: Identify provinces to participate
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Step 2: Determine study design

- Option 1: Test-negative design
 - Includes only those lab-tested for pertussis
 - Positives treated as cases
 - Negatives treated as controls
- Option 2: Case-control design with population-based controls
 - Cases reported to public health (e.g., iPHIS)
 - Controls identified from administrative data

Step 2: Determine study design

- Option 1: Test-negative design (ON, AB)
 - Includes only those lab-tested for pertussis
 - Positives treated as cases
 - Negatives treated as controls
- Option 2: Case-control design with population-based controls (ON, MB)
 - Cases reported to public health (e.g., iPHIS)
 - Controls identified from administrative data

Pertussis vaccine effectiveness study

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Step 3: Conduct analyses

- To be done by each province separately
 - Estimate vaccine effectiveness
 - Identify presence of waning immunity
 - Compare priming with whole cell vs. acellular vaccine
- Meta-analysis of provincial estimates

Strengths of PCN

- Ability to share wisdom and other nice things:
 - Ethics applications
 - Study protocols
 - Analytical plans
 - SAS code
- Increase power of analyses to study less common diseases and to bolster stratified/subgroup analyses

Challenges faced to date

- Inter-provincial differences:
 - Populations
 - Immunization programs
 - Data sources
 - Definitions
 - Timelines for approvals
- Unable to share individual-level data across provinces

Next steps

- Ontario TND study completed; CC study in progress
- Alberta TND study in progress
- Manitoba CC study pending
- Meta-analysis to be conducted (assuming heterogeneity is not excessive)
- Use PCN to address other vaccine safety and vaccine effectiveness questions

Other PCN studies

- Assessing intussusception and rotavirus vaccine safety in Canada using health administrative data
- Evaluation and gap analysis of federal and P/T systems and methodologies used to assess immunization coverage
- Household case-control contact study to examine immunological protection of contacts from household transmission of pertussis

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QUESTIONS?

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